REVISION - UNIT 0

PRESENT SIMPLE AND PRESENT CONTINUOUS

1	Cł	hoose the correct a	nswer.		
	1.	Peter now because	e it's late.		
		a. leaves	b. is leaving	C.	are leaving
	2.	understand the ne	w maths material?		
		a. You are	b. Are you	C.	Do you
	3.	They the sandwick	nes in the kitchen nov	٧.	
		a. are preparing	b. prepare	C.	is preparing
	4.	The children beca	use they ate before.		
		a. isn't eating	b. aren't eating	C.	don't
	5.	That shop never o	n Tuesday afternoons	3.	
		a. is opening	b. open	C.	opens
	6.	At the moment, the g	irls MTV because	the	y love pop music.
		a. watch	b. are watching	C.	is watching
	7.	Being rich people	happy.		
		a. doesn't make	b. don't make	C.	isn't making
	8.	The technician the	air conditioner right	nov	V.
		a. are fixing	b. is fixing	C.	fixes
	9.	Is anyone the tele	phone at the moment	?	
		a. use	b. uses	C.	using
•	0.	We the plastic bot	tles at the beginning	of e	every month.
		a. are collecting	b. collect	C.	is collecting
2	Co	omnlete the senten	res with the verhs i	n k	prackets. Use the Present Simple or Present
_		ontinuous.	ces with the verbs		orackets. Ose the Fresent Omple of Fresent
	1.	Adults always	(think)	tha	it they (know) everything.
	2.	It	(rain) right now so v	ve	(wear) our new boots.
	3.	1	. (not want) to watch	a fil	Im because I (write) a book report.
	4.			w)	us to stay out late at night. That's why we
		homo now	(go)		
	5	home now.	(not understa	ad)	what you (say).
	J.	iviary, i	(Hot understan	iu)	what you (say).
3	Co	omplete the senten	ces with the time ex	крr	ressions below.
		ever • seldom • usually		•	•
					ut today his dad is driving him.
			•		eek
					cause she's afraid of the water.
					Do you want to leave a message?
			•	•	sister
	О.	Katie	drives, but sne	uro	ive here today.

4	Complete the dialogue with the verbs in brackets. Use the Present Simple or Present Continuous.
	Pam: Hi, Peter. How are you?
	Peter:Hi, Pam. Not so good. I (1) (hate) maths! I never (2) (understand) how to solve the problems.
	Pam: (3)
	Peter:I (4)
	Peter:That (7) (sound) great!
	Pam: You (8) (not need) your book because Emily (9) (bring) her book.
	Peter:OK, I (10)
	Peter:Yes, thanks. I'll be there soon!
	PAST SIMPLE AND PAST CONTINUOUS
5	Choose the correct answer.
•	a. I (1) worked / was working / were working on a difficult maths problem while my brother (2) played / was playing / didn't play a noisy computer game. I (3) was asking / didn't ask / asked him to turn it down but he (4) did / didn't / wasn't. Finally, I (5) was asking / didn't ask / asked my parents to talk to him. He (6) was turning off / turned off / were turning off the computer immediately!
	b. Last week, the fire alarm suddenly (7) went off / were going off / was going off in the classroom while we (8) was studying / studied / were studying English. While the teacher (9) was trying / tried / were trying to calm everyone down, some students (10) started / were starting / was starting to run out of the room. The students (11) weren't hearing / didn't hear / weren't heard the teacher because they (12) were making / weren't making / made so much noise.
6	Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Simple or Past Continuous.
	1. My cousin (not swim) when we (arrive) at the lake.
	She (read) a book.
	2. As we (drive) to the new cinema, we (miss) the turn and (get) lost.
	3 (call) while she
	(shop)? She (want) to ask you something.
	4. Yesterday, Larry (break) his glasses while he (climb)
	the ladder. They (fall) on the floor.
	5. We (travel) in France during the summer when we
	the bad news. We (hear)
7	Rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets. Do not change the original meaning
	of the sentences.1. She worked at a restaurant and she met her boyfriend. (while)
	2. We had lunch and got the good news at the same time. (while)

3.	John drove home and on the way he had an accident. (as)
4.	It was 3 o'clock but the teacher didn't stop teaching. (at)

8		omplete the passage with				
		ast night i (1) ook. While	(see) the popul	ar E	BBC cooking programme – Ready Steady	
			ch), I (3)		(try) to understand why it's so popular.	
		his is what (4)				
		• •	` • '	_	g of unprepared food into the studio for the	
			, ,		cook. While the chefs (7)	
	-				n. The chefs and their helpers hey (10) (prepare) the	
		od, the audience (11)	-		* * * *	
			-	-	(realise) that I (13) (not	
		njoy) it, because nothing very	•	-		
	FL	UTURE SIMPLE, FUTURE	CONTINUOUS, <i>BE</i>	G	OING TO AND PRESENT CONTINUOUS	
9		hoose the correct answer	•			
	1.	Oh! I left the keys on the kit	tchen table. I them			
		•	o. am getting		am going to get	
	2.	She probably to live v	with her parents for ma	any	y years.	
		a. will be continuing b	o. is continuing	C.	will continue	
	3.	Who the dishes tonight?)			
		a. will be washing b	o. is washing	C.	will wash	
	4.	Don't leave the door open.	The dog away!			
		a. is running	o. will be running	C.	will run	
	5.	We for coffee later.				
		a. will meet b	o. is going to meet	C.	are going to meet	
	6.	By this time tomorrow, she				
			o. is walking	C.	will be walking	
	7.	What do you think at the	• •			
	_	a. will happen b	•	C.	is going to happen	
	8.	I a pill because I don't fe				
		a. will take b	o. am going to take	C.	will be taking	
10			e words below. Use	th:	he correct form of the future. There may be m	ore
		nan ne possible answer.				
		by this time next year, / we	/ work / in Australia /			
	_					
	2.	I / take / the dog / to the ve				
	3.	you / help / me / please / ?				
	4.	who / win / the football cha	mpionship / this year /	?		

5. he / not understand / because / he / doesn't speak / French / .

th	
or	ne correct answer.
	Do you think Stephanie (agree) to babysit tomorrow night?
	Can you believe that by this time tomorrow, we (sit) on a plane to New York?
	Brad (cook) dinner next time because I cooked this time.
	I (write) a letter to complain about your company.
	Why you (not come) to the party tonight?
	This time next year, we (not go) to school any more!
	Hurry up or we (be) late for the film!
12. or	Complete the text with the verbs in brackets. Use the future tense. There may be more than se correct answer.
Dia we litt (5) (7) ho ne I (ext week, we (1)
13.	Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use a present, past or future tense.
	Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use a present, past or future tense. When you get home from the shop, I
1.	
1. 2.	When you get home from the shop, I (help) you carry in the bags.
1. 2. 3.	When you get home from the shop, I (help) you carry in the bags. By the end of the school year, I (speak) French very well.
1. 2. 3. 4.	When you get home from the shop, I
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	When you get home from the shop, I
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	When you get home from the shop, I
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	When you get home from the shop, I
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	When you get home from the shop, I
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 14. 1.	When you get home from the shop, I
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 14. 2.	When you get home from the shop, I
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15 Complete the passage with the time expressions below. Pay attention to the tense in each sentence.

next year • last night • never • every time • often • this morning

Brenda is (1) late for school because she frequently misses the bus.	
(2) she's late, the teacher gets angry with her. (3), Br	enda is
leaving home early because she doesn't want to be late. She didn't sleep well (4)	
because she thought she might not wake up on time. Brenda and her family are moving to a ne	
(5) and then she'll be close enough to walk to school. After the move, she	
she'll (6) be late again!	
3 2 (3)	
16 Complete the sentences with the verbs below. Use a present, past or future tense.	
sleep • write • make • pack • fix • work	
1. This time tomorrow, they their suitcases for the trip.	
2 the cat usually in the armchair?	
3. The secretary a mistake in the letter yesterday.	
4. I down the information in my diary when I find it.	
5. While Joe on the computer, the power went off.	
6. Dad the broken window now.	
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